



KENNETH LYNCH

& SONS

Est. 1927

Freestanding Table and Stool Installation

All site work is the responsibility of the installer; we are offering recommendations only.

Select a level surface, preferably with hardscape such as concrete or brick pavers. Alternately a level area of crushed gravel would be acceptable. One table set requires an area that this 5' 6" x 3'. When using stools on all 4 sides, a 5' 6" x 5' 6" area is required.

Item	Description - Size	Weight
466FS- top	Freestanding Table top 32" x 32" x 4" high	250 pounds
466FS - base	Freestanding table base, 29 1/2" square footprint x 27" tall	200 pounds
466FS - stool	Round Stool, hollow interior, 16" diameter x 18" tall	160 pounds
466FS- rect. stool	Rectangular Stool, 13" x 16" x 18" tall.	160 pounds

Proper orientation of the table top is dependent on the table base location. Make sure to orient the V shaped opening of the base to be square with one stool location. When placing table top, a white square should be located in the lower right corner in front of the stool locations.

Optional Base anchoring: drill a 2" diameter x 6" deep hole in the center of the table location. Screw a 1/2" x 6" long threaded rod into the anchor insert in the base of the table. Fill hole in ground with anchoring cement, lift table base with installed rod into hole. Level base with wooden shims, break off exposed shims. If desired place mortar below table legs.

Table top placement: align the square pipe under the top with the square hole in the collar of the table base, and lower top onto base. NOTE : It may be helpful to have an extra person with a view below the table top to help guide the pipe into the hole.

If the table top is still able to make small movements, use a wooden shim between the table top and the base to level, break off any excess shim. Epoxy caulk can be used to secure the pipe into the collar.

Concrete is composed of stone aggregate of various sizes. Due to its organic nature, color may vary from piece to piece. In precast concrete, there will be seams. Though they are polished down in our finishing process, they may still be visible. Concrete tables will only crack under extreme conditions, however minor hairline cracks or crazing may appear. These are natural and part of the nature of curing concrete.

Concrete can be cleaned with non-abrasive cleaners, hand scrubbing or power washing. While we do apply a concrete sealant to the table tops, the stools are left natural. Concrete sealant should be re-applied every 3 - 5 years, after a thorough cleaning. Concrete is a porous stone and it is expected that some environmental conditions will stain the concrete, such as tree sap and heavy pollution, even with the concrete sealant applied.

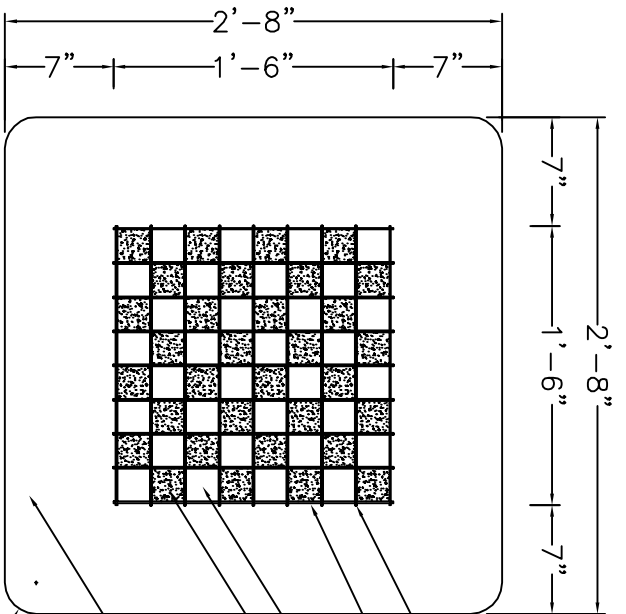


LYNCH
Estate
Elements



FLORENTINE
Classics

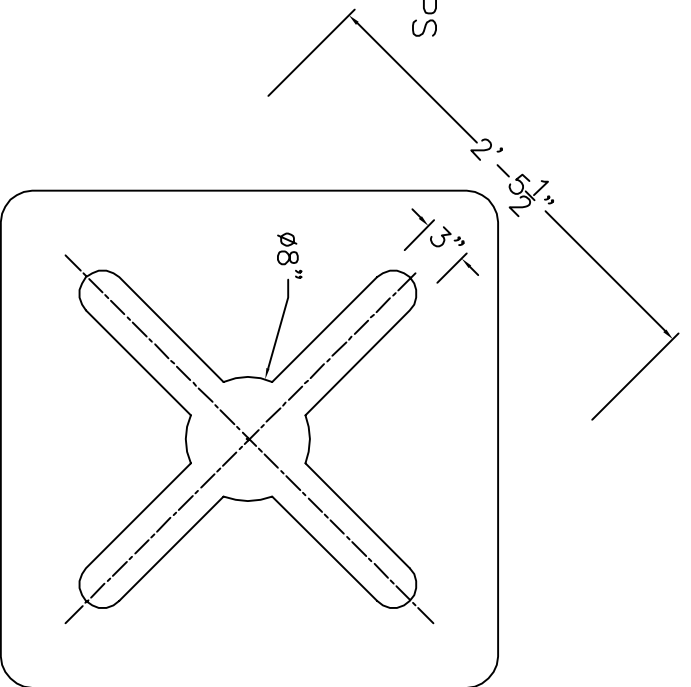




PLAN VIEW

- BRASS DIVIDING STRIPS
- 2 1/8" SQUARE TYPICAL
- WHITE TERRAZZO
- GREEN TERRAZZO
- RUBBED CONCRETE

1/2" DEEP TERRAZZO CHECKERBOARD WITH BRASS DIVIDERS
 1/2" DEEP MORTAR BED

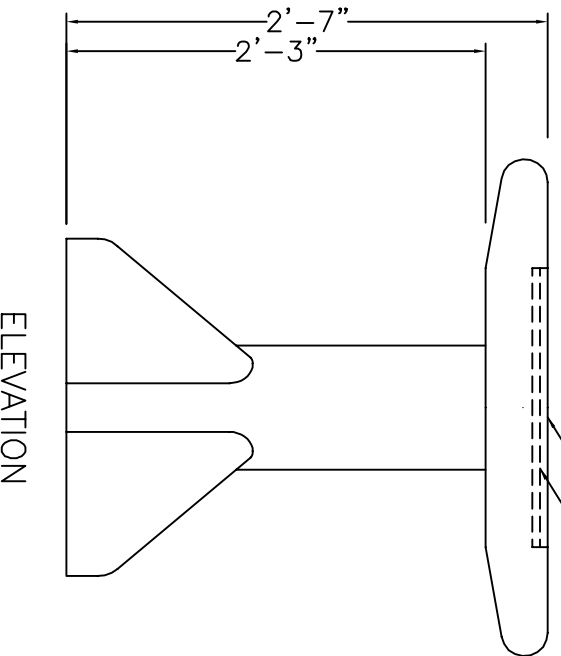


BOTTOM VIEW OF TABLE

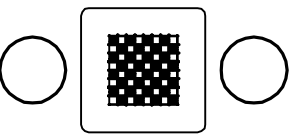
NOTE:
 CHECKER TABLES SHALL BE SET SO THAT A PERSON SEATED ON THE BENCH WILL HAVE A WHITE SQUARE IN THE LOWER RIGHT HAND CORNER OF THE BOARD

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ELEVATION



PLAN VIEW OF TABLE WITH TWO 466B-S STOOLS

466FS2 MOVABLE TABLE		
Scale: FAX	Date: 6/22/06	Drawn: SLA
MULTI VIEWS		
MAT'L: CAST STONE	#466FS2 FX	